

IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 2-3, 20-21 and 38-39, and amend claims 1, 19 and 37, as follows:

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of performing financial processing ~~in one or more computers~~, comprising:

(a) selecting, ~~in one or more computers~~, accounts, amounts and rates from account data stored in a database using selection criteria specified by one or more rules; and

(b) performing, ~~in one or more computers~~, one or more Future Value (FV) calculations on the selected accounts by ~~applying one or more FV propensity rules to the selected accounts and applying one or more FV attrition rules to the selected accounts~~ ~~results of the FV propensity rules~~ using the selected amounts and rates, wherein the FV calculations determine a present value of an expected possible future profitability value of additional products that may be purchased ~~in the future~~;

(c) wherein the step of applying the FV attrition rules comprises matching the FV attrition rule to the selected accounts, matching ~~the results of [[a]]~~ the FV propensity rule to the matched accounts, obtaining an attrition rate for the matched accounts, calculating an effective attrition rate for each forecast period from the attrition rate and a net change rate defined in the FV attrition rule for each forecast period, performing the FV attrition rule to calculate an FV expected value from the effective attrition rate and a propensity rule amount defined in the FV attrition rule, and storing the FV amount.

2. (CANCELED)

3. (CANCELED)

4. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1, wherein the selected accounts contain current profitability values.

5. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 4, wherein the current profitability data is aggregated to provide an initial amount for the FV calculations.

6. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1, wherein the selected amounts are forecast amounts.

7. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1, wherein the selected rates are FV attrition rates.

8. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1, wherein a user specifies one or more forecast periods over which the FV calculations are performed.

9. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 8, wherein a user specifies one or more rates for the forecast periods.

10. (CANCELED)

11. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Constant (no compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + R_0) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

R_0 = initial rate,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period, and

k = last month in a forecast period.

12. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Constant (with compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + R_m)^i * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount₀ = initial amount,
R_m = monthly rate,
i = forecast period,
j = first month in a forecast period, and
k = last month in a forecast period.

13. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises an Additive (no compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + i * (R_0 / 12)) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,
Amount₀ = initial amount,
R₀ = initial rate,
i = forecast period,
j = first month in a forecast period, and
k = last month in a forecast period.

14. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises an Additive (with compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + \text{Compounded_Rate}) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,
Amount₀ = initial amount,
i = forecast period,
j = first month in a forecast period,
k = last month in a forecast period, and
Compounded_Rate = Rate₁ * Rate₂ * ... * Rate_i.

15. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Manual (no compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + R_{\text{man}}) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

R_{man} = manual rate,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period, and

k = last month in a forecast period.

16. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Manual (with compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + \text{Compounded_Rate}) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period,

k = last month in a forecast period, and

$\text{Compounded_Rate} = \text{Rate}_1 * \text{Rate}_2 * \dots * \text{Rate}_i$.

17. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Constant method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period, and

Amount_0 = initial amount.

18. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Negative Compounding method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Initial Forecast Amount} * (\text{Attrition Rate} * (1 - \text{Attrition Rate})^n)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

i = forecast period, and

n = amortization term.

19. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A system for performing financial processing, comprising:

one or more computers;

logic, performed by the one or more computers, for:

(a) selecting accounts, amounts and rates from account data stored in a database using selection criteria specified by one or more rules; and

(b) performing one or more Future Value (FV) calculations on the selected accounts by applying one or more FV propensity rules to the selected accounts and applying one or more FV attrition rules to the selected accounts results of the FV propensity rules using the selected amounts and rates, wherein the FV calculations determine a present value of an expected possible future profitability value of additional products that may be purchased in the future;

(c) wherein the logic for applying the FV attrition rules comprises logic for matching the FV attrition rule to the selected accounts, for matching the results of [[a]] the FV propensity rule to the matched accounts, for obtaining an attrition rate for the matched accounts, for calculating an effective attrition rate for each forecast period from the attrition rate and a net change rate defined in the FV attrition rule for each forecast period, for performing the FV attrition rule to calculate an FV expected value from the effective attrition rate and a propensity rule amount defined in the FV attrition rule, and for storing the FV amount.

20. (CANCELED)

21. (CANCELED)

22. (ORIGINAL) The system of claim 19, wherein the selected accounts contain current profitability values.

23. (ORIGINAL) The system of claim 22, wherein the current profitability data is aggregated to provide an initial amount for the FV calculations.

24. (ORIGINAL) The system of claim 19, wherein the selected amounts are forecast amounts.

25. (ORIGINAL) The system of claim 19, wherein the selected rates are FV attrition rates.

26. (ORIGINAL) The system of claim 19, wherein a user specifies one or more forecast periods over which the FV calculations are performed.

27. (ORIGINAL) The system of claim 26, wherein a user specifies one or more rates for the forecast periods.

28. (CANCELED)

29. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The system of claim 19, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Constant (no compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + R_0) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount₀ = initial amount,
R₀ = initial rate,
i = forecast period,
j = first month in a forecast period, and
k = last month in a forecast period.

30. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The system of claim 19, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Constant (with compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + R_m)^i * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,
Amount₀ = initial amount,
R_m = monthly rate,
i = forecast period,
j = first month in a forecast period, and
k = last month in a forecast period.

31. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The system of claim 19, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises an Additive (no compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + i * (R_0 / 12)) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,
Amount₀ = initial amount,
R₀ = initial rate,
i = forecast period,
j = first month in a forecast period, and
k = last month in a forecast period.

32. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The system of claim 19, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises an Additive (with compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + \text{Compounded_Rate}) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period,

k = last month in a forecast period, and

$\text{Compounded_Rate} = \text{Rate}_1 * \text{Rate}_2 * \dots * \text{Rate}_i$.

33. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The system of claim 19, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Manual (no compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + R_{\text{man}}) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

R_{man} = manual rate,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period, and

k = last month in a forecast period.

34. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The system of claim 19, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Manual (with compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + \text{Compounded_Rate}) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period,

k = last month in a forecast period, and

Compounded_Rate = Rate₁ * Rate₂ * ... * Rate_i.

35. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The system of claim 19, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Constant method according to:

Amount_i = Amount₀

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period, and

Amount₀ = initial amount.

36. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The system of claim 19, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Negative Compounding method according to:

Amount_i = Initial Forecast Amount * (Attrition Rate * (1 - Attrition Rate)ⁿ)

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount₀ = initial amount,

i = forecast period, and

n = amortization term.

37. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An article of manufacture comprising a storage device embodying logic for instructions that, when read and executed by one or more computers, result in the one or more computers performing a method for financial processing in one or more computers, the logic comprising:

(a) selecting, in one or more computers, accounts, amounts and rates from account data stored in a database using selection criteria specified by one or more rules; and

(b) performing, in one or more computers, one or more Future Value (FV) calculations on the selected accounts by applying one or more FV propensity rules to the selected accounts and

applying one or more FV attrition rules to ~~the selected accounts~~ results of the FV propensity rules using the selected amounts and rates, wherein the FV calculations determine a present value of an expected possible future profitability value of additional products that may be purchased in the future;

(c) wherein the step of applying the FV attrition rules comprises matching the FV attrition rule to the selected accounts, matching ~~the~~ results of [[a]] ~~the~~ FV propensity rule to the matched accounts, obtaining an attrition rate for the matched accounts, calculating an effective attrition rate for each forecast period from the attrition rate and a net change rate defined in the FV attrition rule for each forecast period, performing the FV attrition rule to calculate an FV expected value from the effective attrition rate and a propensity rule amount defined in the FV attrition rule, and storing the FV amount.

38. (CANCELED)

39. (CANCELED)

40. (ORIGINAL) The article of claim 37, wherein the selected accounts contain current profitability values.

41. (ORIGINAL) The article of claim 40, wherein the current profitability data is aggregated to provide an initial amount for the FV calculations.

42. (ORIGINAL) The article of claim 37, wherein the selected amounts are forecast amounts.

43. (ORIGINAL) The article of claim 37, wherein the selected rates are FV attrition rates.

44. (ORIGINAL) The article of claim 37, wherein a user specifies one or more forecast periods over which the FV calculations are performed.

45. (ORIGINAL) The article of claim 44, wherein a user specifies one or more rates for the forecast periods.

46. (CANCELED)

47. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The article of claim 37, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Constant (no compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + R_0) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

R_0 = initial rate,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period, and

k = last month in a forecast period.

48. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The article of claim 37, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Constant (with compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + R_m)^i * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

R_m = monthly rate,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period, and

k = last month in a forecast period.

49. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The article of claim 37, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises an Additive (no compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + i * (R_0 / 12)) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

R_0 = initial rate,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period, and

k = last month in a forecast period.

50. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The article of claim 37, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises an Additive (with compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + \text{Compounded_Rate}) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period,

k = last month in a forecast period, and

$\text{Compounded_Rate} = \text{Rate}_1 * \text{Rate}_2 * \dots * \text{Rate}_i$.

51. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The article of claim 37, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Manual (no compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + R_{\text{man}}) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

R_{man} = manual rate,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period, and

k = last month in a forecast period.

52. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The article of claim 37, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Manual (with compounding) method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0 * (1 + \text{Compounded_Rate}) * ((k - j + 1) / 12)$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount₀ = initial amount,

i = forecast period,

j = first month in a forecast period,

k = last month in a forecast period, and

Compounded_Rate = Rate₁ * Rate₂ * ... * Rate_i.

53. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The article of claim 37, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Constant method according to:

$$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Amount}_0$$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period, and

Amount₀ = initial amount.

54. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The article of claim 37, wherein the FV attrition rule comprises a Negative Compounding method according to:

$\text{Amount}_i = \text{Initial Forecast Amount} * (\text{Attrition Rate} * (1 - \text{Attrition Rate})^n)$

Amount_i = calculated amount by forecast period,

Amount_0 = initial amount,

i = forecast period, and

n = amortization term.